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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09 601,037	07/26/2000	ALES PODGORNIK	P65728US0	4337

136 7590 12/04/2002

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WASHINGTON, DC 20004

EXAMINER

THERKORN, ERNEST G

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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1723

DATE MAILED: 12/04/2002

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

AS-11

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/601,037	Applicant(s) PODGORNIK	
Examiner THIECKEN	Art Unit 1723	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).

Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on Aug 1 2002
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 31-42 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above, claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claims _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 31-42 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claims _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are a) _____ accepted or b) _____ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) _____ approved b) _____ disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☒ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
☒ A b) _____ Some c) _____ None of:
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No _____
3) ☒ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a).
See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received
- 15) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1) _____ | 4) Interview Summary (PTO 413) Paper No. s _____ |
| 2) Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO 948) _____ | 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO 152) _____ |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO 1449) Paper No. s _____ | 6) Other: _____ |

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 21-34, 36, 40, and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270). At best, the claims differ from Josic (WO 96/06158) in reciting use of two components and use of a multimodal pore size distribution. Frechet (5,728,457) (column 2, lines 22-34 and column 6, lines 7-25) discloses that it is advantageous to have steps of different chemical composition. Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) (column 16, lines 3-18 and column 7, lines 46-50) discloses that use of a multimodal pore structure in a membrane-like structure increases surface area. It would have been obvious to use two components and a multimodal pore structure in Josic (WO 96/06158) because Frechet (5,728,457) (column 2, lines 22-34 and column 6, lines 7-25) discloses that it is advantageous to have steps of different chemical composition and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) (column 16, lines 3-18 and column 7, lines

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46-50) discloses that use of a multimodal pore structure in a membrane-like structure increases surface area.

Claims 35, 39, and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) as applied to claims 21-34, 36, 40, and 42 above, and further in view of Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990). At best, the claims differ from Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) in reciting use of a helical distributor. Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 5, line 70-column 6, line 2) discloses that use of a helical distributor provides improved characteristics. It would have been obvious to use a helical distributor in Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) because Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 5, line 70-column 6, line 2) discloses that use of a helical distributor provides improved characteristics.

Claims 35 and 37-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) as applied to claims 21-34, 36, 40, and 42 above, and further in view of Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990). At best, the claims differ from Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) in reciting a perpendicular bore and a groove for an O-ring. Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 3, line 74-column 4, line 5) discloses a perpendicular bore allows connection to a helical path. Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 3, lines 55-59) discloses that annular grooves secure O-rings. It would have been

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obvious to use a perpendicular bore and a groove for an O-ring in Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) because Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 3, line 74-column 4, line 5) discloses a perpendicular bore allows connection to a helical path and because Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 3, lines 55-59) discloses that annular grooves secure O-rings.

Claims 37, 38, and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457), Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990), and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) as applied to claims 35, 39, and 41 above, and further in view of Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918). At best, the claims differ from Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457), Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990), and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) in reciting a perpendicular bore and a groove for an O-ring. Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918) (column 4, lines 55-67) discloses a perpendicular bore allows connection to an annular channel. Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918) (column 5, lines 23-25) discloses an annular groove allows positioning of O-rings. It would have been obvious to use a perpendicular bore and a groove for an O-ring in Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457), Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990), and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) because Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918) (column 4, lines 55-67) discloses a perpendicular bore allows connection to an annular channel and Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918) (column 5, lines 23-25) discloses an annular groove allows positioning of O-rings.

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Claims 39 and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(B) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990). The claims are considered to read on Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990). However, if a difference exists between the claims and Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990), it would reside in optimizing the elements of Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990). It would have been obvious to optimize the elements of Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) to enhance separation.

Claim 40 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(B) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918). The claim is considered to read on Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918). However, if a difference exists between the claim and Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918), it would reside in optimizing the elements of Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918). It would have been obvious to optimize the elements of Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918) to enhance separation.

The remarks urge patentability based upon the allegation that use of two compositions in a tube would not have been obvious. However, Frechet (5,728,457) (column 2, lines 22-34 and column 6, lines 7-25) discloses that it is advantageous to have steps of different chemical composition. In addition, Frechet (5,728,457) (column 6, lines 19-22) discloses that a polymer body having 2 to 4 different chemical compositions disposed in a stepwise gradient is presently the most practical. Frechet (5,728,457) (column 6, lines 26-28) discloses that the body may be any form or shape depending on the end use of the body. As such, it would have been obvious to make Josic (WO 96/06158)'s tube two layers of different chemical compositions because Frechet

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(5,728,457) (column 2, lines 22-34 and column 6, lines 7-25) discloses that it is advantageous to have steps of different chemical composition; Frechet (5,728,457) (column 6, lines 19-22) discloses that a polymer body having 2 to 4 different chemical compositions disposed in a stepwise gradient is presently the most practical; and Frechet (5,728,457) (column 6, lines 26-28) discloses that the body may be any form or shape depending on the end use of the body.

The remarks appear to urge that claims 39-41 have a tube limitation. However, the "for use" limitation of claims 39-41 would not appear require use of a tube. The claims are considered to be directed to a housing, an end fitting, and a collecting element of general applicability.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the mailing date of this

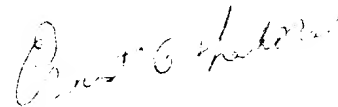
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final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to E. Therkorn at
telephone number (703) 308-0362.



Ernest G. Therkorn
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1723

EGT/12
November 26, 2002